

OCR Maths M2

Topic Questions from Papers

Energy, Work and Power

Answers

1	(i)	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 700 \cdot 20^2$ or $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 700 \cdot 15^2$	B1		either K.E.	
		$700 \times 9.8 \times 400 \sin 5^\circ$	B1		correct P.E.	
		$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 700 \cdot 15^2 + 700 \cdot 9.8 \cdot 400 \sin 5^\circ =$ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot 700 \cdot 20^2 + \text{W.D.}$	M1		for 4 terms with W.D.	
		W.D. = 178,000 J	A1	4	or 178 kJ	
	(ii)	$D = 200 + 700 \cdot 9.8 \sin 5^\circ$	M1			
		$D = 798 \text{ N}$	A1		may be implied	
		$P = D \times 15 = 12,000 = 12 \text{ kW}$	A1	3	AG (11,968W)	
	(iii)	$D' = 11,968 \div 20 = 598$	M1			
		$D' - 700 \cdot 9.8 \sin 5^\circ - 200 = 700a$	M1			
		$a = 0.285 \text{ ms}^{-2} (\pm)$	A1	3	allow 0.283 (from 12kW)	10
		Alternative for false assumption			of constant acceleration	
	(i)	$D - 700 \times 9.8 \sin 5^\circ = 700a$ and $15^2 = 20^2 + 2a \cdot 400$	M1		($D = 445, a = -0.21875$)	
	W.D. = $400 \times D = 178,000$	A1		2 marks (out of 4) maximum		

(Q6, June 2005)

2	(i)a	100 J	B1	1		
	b	7500 Nm	B1	1		
	(ii)	$400 \cos \alpha \times 25 = 7500 + 100$	M1		sc N II gets M1A1 only. This M1	
		\checkmark for $a + b$	A1 \checkmark		for total M ($a=0.08$) & A1 for α	
	$\alpha = 40.5$	A1	3	or 0.707 rads	5	

(Q3, Jan 2006)

3	(i)	$F = 300/12$	M1			
		$R = 25$	A1	2		
	(ii)	$P = 17.5 \times 12$ ($R_2 = 17.5$ & $F_2 = 17.5$)	M1		n.b. B1 only for 210 W	
		$P = 210 \text{ W}$	A1	2	without working	
	(iii)	$500 = F \times 12$	M1			
		$F = 41.67$ or $500/12$ aef	A1			
		$41.67 - 25 - 75 \times 9.8 \sin 1^\circ = 75a$	M1			
			A1			
		0.0512 ms^{-2}	A1	5	or 0.051	
	(iv)	$PE = 75 \times 9.8 \times 200 \sin 10^\circ$ (25530)	B1		OR $75 \times 9.8 \sin 10^\circ - 120 = 75a$	
		$WD = 200 \times 120$ (24000)	B1		(M1 + A1)	
		$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 75v^2 =$	M1		$a = 0.102$ (A1)	
	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 75 \cdot 13^2 + 75 \times 9.8 \times 200 \sin 10^\circ - 200 \cdot 120$	A1		$v^2 = 169 + 2 \times 0.102 \times 200$ (M1)		
	14.5 ms^{-1}	A1	5	$v = 14.5$	14	

(Q7, Jan 2006)

4	$mgh = 35 \times 9.8 \times 4$	M1			
		A1			
	$mgh/t = 1372/10$	M1			
	137 W	A1	4	watch out for extras or 0.137 kW	4

(Q1, June 2006)

5	(i)	$P = 13500 \text{ W}$	B1	1	or 13.5 kW	9
	(ii)	$500 = 13500/v$ $v = 27 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	M1 A1	2		
	(iii)	$15000/25 - 500 = 950a$ $a = 0.105 \text{ or } 2/19$	M1 A1 A1	3	2 parts to F A0 for 900a or 100/950	
	(iv)	$15000/26 - 500 - 950.9.8\sin 5^\circ = 950a$ $a = (-).773 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	M1 A1 A1	3	3 parts to F A0 for 900a s.c. accept 0.77	

(Q4, June 2006)

6	(i)	$\frac{1}{2} \times 80 \times 5^2$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times 80 \times 2^2$	either KE	B1		1000/160	
		70×25		B1		1750	
		$80 \times 9.8 \times 25 \sin 20^\circ$		B1		6703.6	
		$WD = \frac{1}{2} \times 80 \times 5^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 80 \times 2^2 + 70 \times 25 + 80 \times 9.8 \times 25 \sin 20^\circ$		M1		4 parts	
	9290		A1	5			
	(ii)	$P \cos 30^\circ \times 25$		B1		or $a = 0.42$	
		$P \cos 30^\circ \cdot 25 = 9290 / P \cos 30^\circ - 70 - 80 \times 9.8 \sin 20^\circ = 80a$		M1			
	$P = 429$ /if P found 1 st then $P \cos 30^\circ \times 25 = 9290$ ok		A1	3		8	

(Q4, Jan 2007)

7	(i)	$D = 3000/5^2 = 120$	M1			
			A1	2	AG	
	(ii)	$120 - 75 = 100a$ $a = 0.45 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	M1			
			A1	2		
	(iii)	$100 \times 9.8 \times 1/98$ $3000/v^2 = 3v^2 + 100 \times 9.8 \times 1/98$ $3000 = 3v^4 + 10v^2$ solving quad in v^2 $v = 5.48 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	B1			weight component
			M1			
			A1			aef
			M1			($v^2 = 30$)
				A1	5	accept $\sqrt{30}$

(Q5, Jan 2007)

8	$40 \cos 35^\circ$	B1		
	$WD = 40 \cos 35^\circ \times 100$	M1		
	3280 J	A1	3	ignore units 3

(Q1, June 2007)

9(i)	$WD = \frac{1}{2} \times 250 \times 150^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 250 \times 100^2$	M1			
	1 560 000	A1		1 562 500	
	$450 000 = 1 560 000/t$	M1			
	3.47	A1	4		
	(ii)	$F = 450 000/120$	M1		
	3750	A1			
	$3750 = 250a$	M1			
	15 ms^{-2}	A1	4	8	

(Q3, June 2007)

10 (i)	$\frac{1}{2} \cdot 70 \cdot 4^2$	M1	
	560 J	A1 2	
(ii)	$70 \times 9.8 \times 6$	M1	
	4120	A1 2	4116
(iii)	60d	B1	
	$8000 = 560 + 4120 + 60d$	M1	4 terms
		A1 ✓	✓ their KE and PE
	55.4 m	A1 4	8

(Q5, June 2007)

11	$F = 0.2 \text{ mg} \cos 30^\circ$ $0.2 \text{ mg} \cos 30^\circ \times d$ $\text{mg} \times d \times \sin 30^\circ$ $d = \frac{1}{2} \times 25 / (0.2 \times 9.8 \cos 30^\circ + 9.8 \sin 30^\circ)$ 1.89 m	M1 A1 B1 B1 M1 A1 6	= = (1.6974m) (49√3/50m) $a = 0.2g \cos 30^\circ + g \sin 30^\circ$ $a = (\pm) 6.60$ $0 = 5^2 - 2 \times 6.60d$	6
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(Q2, Jan 2008)

12 (i)	$45\,000/v = kv$ $k = 50$	M1 A1 2	AG
(ii)	$45\,000/20 - 50 \times 20 = 1200a$ $a = 1.04 \text{ m s}^{-2}$	M1 A1 A1 3	
(iii)	$P/15 = 50 \times 15 + 1200 \times 9.8 \sin 10^\circ$ 41 900 W	M1 A1 A1 3	8

(Q4, Jan 2008)

13	$200 \cos 35^\circ$ $200 \cos 35^\circ \times d = 5000$ $d = 30.5 \text{ m}$	B1 M1 A1 3	3
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(Q1, June 2008)

14	$0.03R = \frac{1}{2} \times 0.009(250^2 - 150^2)$ 0.03R	M1 B1	$150^2 = 250^2 + 2a \times 0.03$ $a = \pm 2 \times 10^6/3$ or $\pm 666,667$ (A1)
	either K.E. $R = 6000 \text{ N}$	B1 A1 ✓ 4	$F = 0.009a$ (M1) ✓ unit errors 4

(Q2, June 2008)

15 (i)	$D = 12000/20$ $12000/20 = k \times 20 + 600 \times 9.8 \times 0.1$ $k = 0.6$	B1 M1 A1 3	AG attempt to solve quad. (3 terms)	
(ii)	$16000/v = 0.6v + 600 \times 9.8 \times 0.1$ $0.6v^2 + 588v - 16000 = 0$ $v = 26.5 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 M1 A1 3		
(iii)	$16000/32 - 0.6 \times 32 = 600a$ $a = 0.801 \text{ m s}^{-2}$	M1 A1 A1 3		
			0.80 or 0.8	9

(Q3, June 2008)

16 (i)	$P/10 - 800 \times 9.8 \sin 12^\circ - 100k = 800 \times 0.25$	M1	$P/10 = D_1$ ok
		A1	D_1 ok
	$P/20 - 400k = 800 \times 0.75$	M1	$P/20 = D_2$ ok
		A1	$D_1 = 2D_2$ needed for this A1
	solving above	M1	
	$k = 0.900$	A1	AG 0.9000395
	$P = 19\,200$	A1 7	or 19.2 kW (maybe in part (ii))
(ii)	$0.9v^2 = 28\,800/v$	M1	ok if $19200/v$
	solving above	M1 *	($v^3 = 32\,000$)
	$v = 31.7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	A1 3	10

(Q4, Jan 2009)

17	$\frac{1}{2} \times 75 \times 12^2$ or $\frac{1}{2} \times 75 \times 3^2$ (either KE) $75 \times 9.8 \times 40$ (PE) $R \times 180$ (change in energy = 24337) $\frac{1}{2} \times 75 \times 12^2 = \frac{1}{2} \times 75 \times 3^2 + 75 \times 9.8 \times 40 - R \times 180$ $R = 135 \text{ N}$	B1 B1 B1 M1 A1 5	M1 $12^2 = 3^2 + 2a \times 180$ A1 $a = 0.375$ (3/8) M1 $75 \times 9.8 \times \sin \theta - R = 75a$ A1 $R = 135$ (max 4 for no energy)	5
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(Q1, June 2009)

18 (i)	$R = F = P/v = 44\,000/v = 1400$ $v = 31.4 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 A1 2	
(ii)	$44\,000/v = 1400 + 1100 \times 9.8 \times 0.05$ $v = 22.7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 A1 A1 3	must have g
(iii)	$22\,000/10 + 1100 \times 9.8 \times 0.05 - 1400$ $= 1100a$ $a = 1.22 \text{ m s}^{-2}$	M1 A1 A1 3	8

(Q2, June 2009)

19	$75 \times 9.8 \times 40$ $(75 \times 9.8 \times 40) \div 120$ 245 W	B1 M1 A1 [3]	Average Speed = $40 \div 120$ $(75 \times 9.8) \times (\text{Average speed})$	3
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(Q1, Jan 2010)

20 (i)	$D - 400 = 700 \times 0.5$ $D = 750 \text{ N}$	M1 A1 [2]	3 terms
(ii)	$P = 750 \times 12$ 9 000 W or 9 kW	M1 A1ft [2]	
(iii)	$P/35 = 400$ 14 000 W or 14 kW	M1 A1 [2]	
(iv)	$D = 14000/12$ $3500/3 = 400 + 700 \times 9.8 \sin \theta$ $\theta = 6.42^\circ$	B1ft M1 A1 A1 [4]	May be implied 3 terms Their P/12 10

(Q4, Jan 2010)

21 (i)	$D = 128\,000/80 (= 1600)$ $k(80)^2 = 128\,000/80$ $k = \frac{1}{4}$ $R = 900 \text{ N}$	FT B1 M1 A1 A1 B1 5	Driving force = resistance FT on their k (R = 3600k)
(ii)	$D = 128\,000 / 60 (= 2133\frac{1}{3})$ $2000 \times 9.8 \times \sin^2 \theta$ $6400/3 - 900 - 2000 \times 9.8 \times \sin^2 \theta = 2000a$ $a = 0.275 \text{ m s}^{-2}$	B1 B1 M1 A1 4	4 terms required 9

(Q3, June 2010)

22 (i)	$R = 0.2 \times 9.8 \times \cos 30^\circ (= 1.70)$ $F = 0.1 \times 9.8 \times \cos 30^\circ (= 0.849)$ FT $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.2 \times 11^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 0.2 v^2 =$ $0.2 \times 9.8 \times 5 \sin 30 + 5 \times 0.849$ $v = 5.44 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	B1 B1 M1 A1 A1 A1 6	FT on their R, but not R = 0.2g Use of conservation of energy AG
Or last 4 marks of (i)	$F + 0.2g \sin 30 = \pm 0.2a$ $a = \pm 9.1$ $v^2 = 11^2 + 2 \times a \times 5$ $v = 5.44 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	M1 A1 M1 A1	Use of N2L, 3 terms Complete method to find v

(Q7, June 2010)

23	(i)	$(k25^{3/2}) \times 25 = 15000$ $k = 4.8$ AG	M1 A1 A1 [3]	Tractive force x speed = power
	(ii)	$R = 4.8 \times 16^{3/2}$ $T - 4.8 \times 16^{3/2} + 700g \times 1/15 = 700 \times 0.3$ $P = 59.9 \times 16$ $P = 958 \text{ W}$	B1 M1 A1 M1 A1 [5]	307.2 N2L, 4 terms to find tractive force (T) Allow cv(R), R not 600; (T = 59.866..) 16xTractive force

(Q2, Jan 2011)

24	(i)	$WD = 100 \cos 20 \times 30$ $WD = 2820 \text{ J}$	M1 A1 [2]	Product of 3 relevant elements. Angle could be 5, 25 or complements 2819.1...
	(ii)	$PE = 25g \times 30 \sin 5$ $PE = 641$	M1 A1 [2]	Product of weight and vertical height. Allow without g 640.6
	(iii)	$2819.1 = 640.6$ $+ 30 \times 70 + 25v^2/2$ $v = 2.51 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ OR $25a = 100 \cos 20 - 70 - 25g \sin 5$ $a = 0.105$ $v^2 = 2 \times 30 \times 'a'$ $v = 2.51$	M1 A1ft A1 A1 [4] *M1 A1 dep*M1 A1 [4]	4 term energy equation ft(cv 2820 and cv 641) cao 4 term equation Allow 0.1 here Or equivalent complete method cao

(Q4, Jan 2011)

25 i	$PE = 70 \times 3g$ $KE \text{ change} = 70 \times (2.1^2 - 1.4^2)/2$ $PE \text{ change} + KE \text{ change}$ 2143.75 J	B1 B1 M1 A1 [4]	2058 85.75 Must include evaluation Accept 2140. Allow all values to be negative.
ii	$20(90 + T) = 2143.75$ $T = 17.1875 \text{ N}$ OR $70g \cdot 0.15 - 90 - T = 70 \cdot (-0.06125)$ $T = 17.1875 \text{ N}$	M1 A1ft A1 [3] M1 A1 A1 [3]	Work done = Energy change used ft(cv(2143.75)) accept 17.2 Use of $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ to find a AND use of N2 law(4 terms) accept 17.2

(Q1, June 2011)

26 i	$21000/25$ $0 = 21000/25 - 25k - 1250g \sin 2$ $k = 16.5$	B1 M1 A1 A1 [4]	Use of force = power/speed 3 terms cv(21000/25)
ii	$21000/v = 16.5v$ $v = 35.7 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	M1 A1ft A1 [3]	ft on cv(k)

(Q2, June 2011)

27	(i)	$25000/10$ $1500g\sin 5$ $2500 - 750 - 1500g\sin 5 = 1500a$ $a = 0.313$	B1 B1 M1 A1 A1 [5]	1281.1 Attempt at N2L with 4 terms. cv(1500g sin5); cv(2500) not 25000. Allow 0.31
	(ii)	WD against resistance = $750d$ WD by engine = 25000×28 (= 700000) Change in PE = $1500g \times d\sin 5$ Change in KE = $\pm \frac{1}{2} \times 1500 \times (20^2 - 10^2)$ $25000 \times 28 = \frac{1}{2} \times 1500 \times (20^2 - 10^2) + 750d + 1500g \times d\sin 5$ $d = 234$	B1 B1 B1 B1 M1 A1 A1 [7]	$750h/\sin 5$ $1500g \times h$ Use of correct formula for KE. Use conservation of energy, at least 3 used including WD by engine.

(Q5, Jan 2012)

28	(i)	Driving Force = $20000/20$ (= 1000) $20000/20 - 800 = 1600a$ $a = 0.125 \text{ ms}^{-2}$	B1 M1 A1 A1 [4]	Attempt at N2L with 3 terms. Signs may not be correct at this stage. Using their 20000/20, but not 20000 Allow $\frac{1}{8}$
	(ii)	$20000/v$ $DF - 800 - 1600g\sin 4 = 0$ $v = 10.6 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	B1 M1 A1 A1 [4]	3 terms with attempt at resolving weight; g can be omitted at this stage; if F = then F = 0 somewhere to award M aef

(Q2, June 2012)

29	(i)	$18\cos 15 \times 6$ 104 J	M1 A1 A1 [3]	Force component x distance
	(ii)	$18\cos 15 \times 6/5$ or ans(i)/5 20.9 W	M1 A1 [2]	Force component x distance/5 Allow 20.8

(Q1, Jan 2013)

30	(i)	$DF = 15000/15$ $DF - k \times 15^{1/2} = 1500 \times 0.4$ $k = 103$	B1 M1 A1 A1 [4]	N2L, 3 terms and attempt at DF. Numerical DF Allow $^{80\sqrt{15}}/3$
	(ii)	$P/30 = k30^{1/2}$ $P = 17000\text{W}$	M1 A1 A1 [3]	Using cv(k) Allow 17(.0)kW, 16900W, 16.9kW, $12000\sqrt{2}\text{W}$

(Q2, Jan 2013)

31	(i)	Use $I = mv$ 3.6 ms^{-1}	M1 A1 [2]	-3.6 gets A0	
	(ii)	$\pm(\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 3.6^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times v^2)$ $0.5 \times g \times 0.3$ Use of conservation of energy $v = 2.66 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	B1 B1 M1 A1 [4]	Three terms	
	OR	$a = -g \sin \theta$ $s = 0.3 / \sin \theta$ Use $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ $v = 2.66 \text{ ms}^{-1}$	B1 B1 M1 A1	θ angle of plane to horizontal $a \neq -g, s \neq 0.3.$	
	(iii) OR	Change in energy = $\pm(\frac{1}{2} \times 0.5 \times 3^2 - 0.5 \times g \times 0.2)$ Equate to force x distance 3.175 N Using $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ to find a Resolve parallel to plane $0.5g \cos 60 + F = 0.5 \times cv(11.25)$ $F = 3.175$	M1 A1 M1 A1 [4] M1 M1 A1 A1	Difference of KE and PE Attempt at $0.2/\sin 30$ for dist, 3 terms Allow 3.18 Use $v = 0$, attempt at $s = 0.2/\sin 30$ N2L used with cv(11.25), 3 terms Consistent signs Allow 3.18	

(Q6, Jan 2013)

32	(i)	$0.75 \times g \times 8$ 58.8 J	M1 A1 [2]	Weight x distance Allow -58.8	
	(ii)	$\pm(\frac{1}{2} \times 0.75 \times v^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 0.75 \times 2^2)$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 0.75 \times v^2 - \frac{1}{2} \times 0.75 \times 2^2 = 58.8$ $v = 12.7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	*M1 A1 dep*M1 A1 [4]	Attempt at change in KE Equate their change in KE to their PE from (i)	
	OR (ii)	$a = g \sin \theta$ $s = \frac{8}{\sin \theta}$ $v^2 = 2^2 + 2 \times g \sin \theta \times \frac{8}{\sin \theta}$ $v = 12.7 \text{ m s}^{-1}$	B1 B1 M1 A1 [4]	θ is angle of slope to horizontal. Not $a = g$, not $s = 8$	

(Q1, June 2013)

33	(i)	20000/32 $R = 20000/32$ $R = 625 \text{ N}$	B1 M1 A1 [3]	cao	
	(ii)	$F + 1500g \sin 2 - 625 = 1500 \times 0.1$ Power = $32 \times F$ Power = 8380 W or 8.38 kW	M1 A1ft M1 A1 [4]	Using Newton 2, all forces used. ft their R from (i) SC $F - 1500g \sin 2 - 625 = 1500 \times 0.1$ Using their F . 8383.27.... SC 41200 W or 41.2 kW (41216.7...)	

(Q2, June 2013)